

VOLUME 38, NUMBER 2
FEBRUARY 2021

ISSN 0189 - 160X

WAJM

WEST AFRICAN JOURNAL OF MEDICINE

ORIGINALITY AND EXCELLENCE IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY



OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF
THE WEST AFRICAN COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND
WEST AFRICAN COLLEGE OF SURGEONS



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WEST AFRICAN JOURNAL OF MEDICINE



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ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Sensorineural Hearing Loss among Hypertensives

La Surdit   De Perception Chez Les Hypertendus

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ABSTRACT

BACKGROUND: The effect of hypertension on the vascular system leads to Target Organ Damage (TOD). The cochlea is one of the target organs affected by hypertension, giving rise to Sensorineural Hearing Loss (SNHL).

OBJECTIVE: To determine the prevalence and pattern of Sensorineural Hearing Loss (SNHL) among hypertensives.

DESIGN: Case-Control Study.

SETTING: Tertiary hospital.

SUBJECTS: Two hundred and twenty six hypertensives, aged 21 to 60 years and a corresponding number of age and sex matched control.

METHODOLOGY: Eligible participants were prospectively evaluated. Their blood pressures were verified, hearing thresholds assessed through Pure Tone Audiometry, Pure Tone Average were calculated and the types and degree of hearing loss were confirmed. Data was analyzed using SPSS 21 and statistical significance was set at p-value ≤ 0.05 .

RESULTS: Each group had 127 (56.19%) females and 99 (43.81%) males. The difference in the mean age between the cases (40.02 ± 0.70 years) and the controls (37.42 ± 0.47 years) was not statistically significant ($p = 0.542$). The difference in the mean Pure Tone Average in dBHL between the cases (15.53 ± 6.95) and the controls (13.98 ± 4.35) was significant ($p = 0.005$) with a 12.83% prevalence of SNHL among the hypertensives against 1.77% in the controls. Majority (96.6%) of them demonstrated bilateral, symmetrical, mild SNHL with 51.7% of them being above 50 years. The odds ratio in this study was 8.17 ($p = 0.0001$).

CONCLUSION: This study demonstrated a SNHL prevalence of 12.83% with a mild, bilateral, symmetrical pattern among hypertensives; increasing with advanced age and an eight-fold risk of occurrence. WAJM 2021; 38(2): 125–130.

Keywords: Hypertension, Target Organ Damage, Sensorineural Hearing Loss, Pure Tone Audiometry, Pure Tone Average.

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Abbreviations: ARHL, Age Related Hearing Loss; BP, Blood Pressure; CHL, Conductive Hearing Loss; dBHL, decibel Hearing Level; DBP, Diastolic Blood Pressure; HBP, High Blood Pressure; HL, Hearing Loss; MHL, Mixed Hearing Loss; PTA, Pure Tone Audiometry; PTAv, Pure Tone Average; SBP, Systolic Blood Pressure; SNHL, Sensorineural Hearing Loss; TOD, Target Organ Damage; UATH, University of Abuja Teaching Hospital; WHO, World Health Organisation.

R  SUM  

CONTEXTE: L'effet de l'hypertension sur le syst  me vasculaire entra  ne des l  sions des organes cibles (TOD). La cochl  e est l'un des organes cibles touch  s par l'hypertension, ce qui entra  ne une surd  t   de perception (SNHL).

OBJECTIF: D閞miner la pr  valence et les caract  ristiques de la surd  t   de perception (SNHL) chez les personnes hypertendues.

CONCEPTION: tude cas-tmoins.

R  GLAGE: H  pital tertiaire.

SUJETS: Deux cent vingt-six personnes hypertendues, âg  es de 21  60 ans et un nombre correspondant de tmoins d'âge et de sexe correspondants.

M  THODOLOGIE: Les participants ligibles ont t   valu  s de mani  re prospective. Leur tension art  rielle a t   v  rifi  e, les seuils auditifs ont t   valu  s par audiom  trie tonale pure, la moyenne tonale pure a t   calcul  e, et les types et le degr   de perte auditive ont t   confirm  s. Les donn  es ont t   analys  es au moyen de SPSS 21 et la signification statistique a t   fix  e  la valeur p de 0,05.

R  SULTATS: Chaque groupe comptait 127 (56,19 %) femmes et 99 (43,81 %) hommes. La diff  rence d'âge moyen entre les cas ($40,02 \pm 0,70$ ans) et les tmoins ($37,42 \pm 0,47$ ans) n'tait pas statistiquement significative ($p = 0,542$). La diff  rence de la moyenne des sons purs en dBHL entre les cas ($15,53 \pm 6,95$) et les tmoins ($13,98 \pm 4,35$) tait significative ($p = 0,005$) avec une pr  valence de 12,83 % de SNHL chez les hypertendus contre 1,77 % chez les tmoins. La majorit   (96,6 %) d'entre eux prenaient une LHNB bilat  rale, sym  trique et l  g  re, 51,7 % d'entre eux ayant plus de 50 ans. Le rapport de cotes dans cette tude tait de 8,17 ($p = 0,0001$).

CONCLUSION: Cette tude a dmontr   une pr  valence de LHNH de 12,83 % avec un sch  ma l  ger, bilat  ral, sym  trique parmi les hypertendus ; augmentant avec l'âge avanc   et un risque d'occurrence huit fois plus lev  . WAJM 2021; 38(2): 125–130.

Mots-cl  s: Hypertension , dommages aux organes cibles, perte auditive neurosensorielle, audiometrie tonale pure, moyenne tonale pure.